



REPORT

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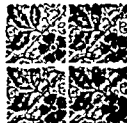
❖ ADMINISTRATION ❖

ALWAR STATE

FOR

1907-08

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.



Alwar:

❖ STATE PRESS ❖

1909.

Dated Alwar, the

1909,

TO

HIS HIGHNESS

THE MAHARAJA SAHIB BAHADUR

ALWAR.

YOUR HIGHNESS,

Most humbly and respectfully we beg to submit the Administration Report of the State, separately for each Branch of the Mehakma Alia Huzoori, for the year 1907-08 for Your Highness' kind approval.

We beg to remain,

YOUR HIGHNESS'

Most humble and obedient servants,

(Sd) **S. Hamid-uz-zafar Khan.**

„ **Durjan Singh.**

„ **Madho Singh.**

„ **Ram Singh. (Offg)**

Members of Council and Secretaries.

Mehakma Alia Huzoori.

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CHAPTER I.

GENERAL & POLITICAL.

Area, Population & Revenue.

The area of the Alwar State is 3,328 square miles with a population of 8,28,500 souls according to the census of 1901. The general gross revenue based on an average income of the last 5 years is Rs. 32,95,904.

His Highness' important movements.

During the cold weather, His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur made a tour round the State and inspected 5 tehsils, 2 schools, 6 thanas, &c, &c and ordered various measures for improvements therein.

In January, His Highness with a Member of his Council and State Engineer visited Agra to take part in a conference held there for arriving at a compromise between Alwar and Bharatpur in the Ruparel dispute.

In September, His Highness paid a visit to Simla and was entertained by Their Excellencies the Viceroy and the Commander-in-Chief.

Political charge.

Major T. W. Haig remained Political Agent till April, 1908, when he went on 2 years furlough. Since that time and till Major H. L. Showers (the present Political Agent) relieved him in October, 1908, Major L. Impey, Political Agent, Bharatpur, remained in charge of this Agency also.

Council and Mehakma Alia Huzoorree

Thakur Narain Singh ji, Army Member of Council, owing to the death of his father in the Jaipur State, was away on leave for about 7 months. Thakur Ram Singh ji of Thana was appointed to act as Army Member of Council.

Private Secretary & his office.

His Highness was much pleased with the work of Babu Ranjit Singh ji as acting Private Secretary and Accountant General and in recognition of his good services appointed him as his permanent Private Secretary.

The post of the Superintendent General was abolished when Munshi Jagmohan Lal ji was appointed Muntazim Mutfarriq Sarishta. A superintendent was appointed in his place in October last and B. Shiva charan Lal B. A. is now serving on trial.

In order to systematise work through proper channels and to decentralise authority which could be suitably vested in some of the lower departments all

the departments of the State were arranged under each of the 4 branches of Mahakma Alia Huzoori. Groups were formed of the smaller departments which suffered for want of proper supervision and which used to add to unnecessary correspondence by referring to the Mahakma Alia Huzoori on paltry matters. These groups have again been placed in charge of supervising officers who could control most of the details themselves. Some of the larger departments remained to themselves as before and as the result of the new Scheme 29 departments were formed which could deal direct with M. A. H. and who were made responsible for other smaller departments under their charge. The supervising departments or those departments which have been left independent have all been given the names of Serishras while the smaller departments placed under their charge have been styled Sighas. This scheme was passed by H. H. on 13th January 1908, and has so far fulfilled its anticipations.

The Status of the various departments has been clearly defined and the system has resulted in greater supervision of departments and the work being carried on through clearly defined channels.

A chart (see page 5) is here-with attached to show the division of the departments according to the new system.

The most notable event of the year however has been the conversion of the court language from Urdu into Hindi. This change is expected to produce very far reaching results.

It would be best to quote below an extract from His Highness' order to show the anticipations raised in making this conversion.

"I should like now" says His Highness' order "to announce that it is my desire to change the Court Language of the State and the language used in official correspondence of every kind from "*Urdu*" into "*Hindi*".

"It will be remembered that in the time of my ancestor, late His Highness Maharao Rajah Banneh Singh ji, the Court Language was Hindi. The Chief, I have no doubt, was anxious to establish a sound system of peaceful and just administration in the State in order to improve its resources soon after it had been founded two generations before and as this occurred only a few years after the downfall of the Delhi Empire under Moghul kings, I have no doubt that the capital of the late Empire still possessed some very capable officers

with special capabilities for administrations and organizations."

"In any case, a good deal of influence was brought in from Delhi and the work of administration commenced to form but the Establishment of this influence, no doubt, necessitated the language of the Courts being converted into the language of those who were commissioned to carry out their important task. Even at the sacrifice of the idea that the mother-tongue of this country was Hindi and the population consisted of more Hindus than otherwise, it is possible that the emergency of organizing the State was more pressing and in favour of the change specially when the recruiting ground for new officers was as near as Delhi is from this State."

"But now circumstances have changed. No more is our recruiting of officers confined to Delhi or any other outside place."

"The change which was so necessary then, is equally necessary now."

"The language adopted here has done its good work now we want the language that will do still better."

"The conditions that prompted the former change have altered themselves. We are no longer tied down by them and moreover are now surrounded by new ones."

"Learning of foreign languages for education or other purposes is always a useful study, but I am talking of absolute necessities."

"People will always read that language that brings them bread previous to any they may wish to learn for the sake of study and generally it results in the masses learning only that one language which helps them materially."

"If we can give them a language that helps them both with material and spiritual development together then surely it is all the better."

"Mother-tongue then must be the easiest language to learn and when it becomes a necessity to study it a day comes hereafter when man's mind turns to inquire of the region beyond and then will he be readily equipped with his instruments to commence the task"

"I think therefore it is not only time to consider this question from all sides but there seems to me to be an actual necessity to take steps in this direction and it is with this object in view taken from a broad and

general standpoint that after much care I have decided to change the State language from *Urdu* to *Hindi*."

2 years grace [has been granted to all the officials in the State who do not know *Hindi* to learn the language after which time all correspondence that is still carried on in *Urdu* will be converted into *Hindi*.

It may be of interest to note here to show how popular the change has been that more than half of the *Serishtas* who possessed a *Hindi* knowing staff have already begun communicating in that language although they were given the entire option of adopting *Hindi* or *Urdu* as best suited the department until the 2 years term is over.

One great effect this change will also have is that the administration will become more economical as it is easier to get clerks educated in *Hindi* than it is to get those knowing *Urdu*.

2 other advantages may be mentioned in conclusion. Many of the *Serishta* officers were not well conversant with *Urdu* and could not, therefore, exercise the same amount of supervision and control as they can now since it is encouraging to note that with the exception of 3 or 4, all the *Serishta* officers know *Hindi* quite well; the second advantage and not the least important is that the peasantry and even the common people can understand to a greater extent the meaning of *Arzies* that are written for them or orders that are passed about them whereas with *Urdu* many of them would be totally ignorant of the text and specially of most of the phrases which were not infrequently mixed with very high flow Persian and even Arabic words.

It was a matter of great pleasure to the *Darbar* that His Majesty the King Emperor was pleased to bestow the honour of C. I. E. upon Khan Bahadur Sahibzada Hamid-uz-zafar Khan, Senior Member of His Highness' Council and Revenue Secretary in appreciation of his services to this State.

(Sd) *Members of Council and*

Secretaries, M. A. H.

CHAPTER II.

REVENUE BRANCH.

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one by
venue
ch.

The following statement shows the case work done in this Branch.

of last year.	Instituted during the period.	Total.	Disposed of during the period.	Balance.
24	299	323	250	73

stration
ind.

The following are some of the important matters which formed the subject matter of correspondence during the year under review.

1. THE RUPAREL DISPUTE.

In compliance with the wishes of the Government of India a concise statement to the Alwar Memorial was prepared and forwarded during the year.

The projects at Ghat and Bara of the Ruparel were prepared in compliance with Mr. Inglis' award and they have been forwarded on to Mr. Inglis for his opinion and approval.

The question of miscalculation of units by Mr. Inglis in his award of 1905 has been referred to that gentleman as the figures given by him in his report are obviously incorrect and as he has already acknowledged the mistake personally.

2. THE NEHRI STREAM.

The Darbar have generally agreed to Sir Swinton Jacob's proposals regarding the utilisation of the waters of this stream and hope that they will be agreed to by the Jaipur Darbar on Sir Swinton Jacob's return from England as they were made by their own engineer.

3. THE LAKHOHA STREAM.

There are 2 references pending disposal from the Gurgaon authorities. His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur will inspect the site in December and then the references will be replied to.

4. Correspondence is also going on for the engagement of a qualified mining Engineer who will geologically survey the State area and inspect how the existing minerals can most advantageously be worked. The work will be done, if possible, this cold weather.

The following are the departments under the supervision of the Revenue Member of Council.

1. Revenue, including Excise, Nazul, Irrigation, Beldars and Boundary disputes.
2. Forests (including Shikar khana & Kirkiri khana)
3. Accounts.
4. P. W. Department.
5. Baghat (gardens)
6. Grants and rewards.

A brief report about the working of each of these departments is given in the following few pages.

The following departments were to be reorganised during this year:—

1. Gardens.
2. Accounts.
3. Chhaper Bandi.
4. Nazul.
5. Shikar khana.
6. Irrigation.
7. Geological Survey.

As to what steps were taken up for the reorganisation of these departments, mention is made under the departments themselves.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

The Revenue (Bist Sala) Settlement of State completed in 1901 is still in force and proves useful to the State.

Owing to insufficient rainfall, both the Rabi and the Kharif harvests of the year under review were below the normal. But the timely assistance afforded by the Darbar, the prevalence of high prices and high rates of wages, the existence of fodder stocks of the preceding year which was unusually good, went a long way to mitigate the severity of the drought to Zamindars and the labouring classes.

105 transactions of land transferred by mortgage, sale or gift affecting an area of 1027 Bighas were completed during the year and 4 cases were under enquiry at the time of the compilation of the report.

The State copies of Jamabandis and the original Settlement maps which were lying in the Tehsil offices have now been collected in the Mal office. The system of retaining copies, in the Tehsil office, of every report sent to the Head quarter office has been abolished. The number of office Kanungos attached to Tehsils has been in most cases reduced from two to one and the Jagirdars have been relieved of all responsibility of making any payment towards Kanungo establishment.

The registers of revenue free tenures and agricultural statistical note books still require completion.

As stated above, the rainfall in the monsoon months was untimely and insufficient. Still leaving exceptionally good and bad years and deducting area estimated as failed the produce of irrigated Kharif harvest of 1907 was $\frac{5}{8}$ th of the normal and the unirrigated crop a little over $\frac{1}{2}$ of the normal.

Owing to cessation of rains since the 24th August, 1907 and its failure in the following 4 months very little unirrigated area was sown for the Rabi crop and even then cultivation was restricted to low lying lands. The satisfactory rainfall in the month of January, 1908, however, improved the situation and the harvest of Rabi 1908 may be regarded as a 16 anna crop on area protected by wells and other means of irrigation and 6 anna crop on the land without such advantages.

The prices of staple food grains reached famine rates in October, 1907, owing to failure of rains in the preceding month and have not fallen since. The high prices and the plentiful produce of *pala* and other concomitant circumstances such as fodder reserves of the previous year, helped the peasantry to a large extent to tide over the difficult seasons of the present year.

The following relief measures were adopted by the State:—

- (a) Exemption of imports from Octroi duties.
- (b) Reduction of duty on fuel head loads.
- (c) Suspension of execution decrees.
- (d) Discouragement of exportation of local produce and fodder.
- (e) Inducing Sahokars to lend money to their clients.
- (f) Suspension of land Revenue and Taccavi advances.
- (g) Exemption of Taccavi applications from stamp duty.

As agriculturists were engaged in their pursuits and the labouring classes found enough work under the Forest Department in cutting grass the necessity for opening test works did not arise till late in the summer of 1908 and even then owing to high wages it was not found necessary to start operations in more than two or three places.

A sum of Rs 53,668 was distributed to Zemindars mostly by the Hakim Mal himself on the spot for purchase of bullocks and seeds for sinking and repairs to wells.

Taccavi
vances

Rai Sahib L. Ganga Sahai ji remained in charge of the Department during the year as usual and discharged his duties satisfactorily. During his 3 months absence on privilege leave from the beginning of May to the beginning of August, B. Mukta Prasad, Assistant Revenue officer, carried on the Revenue officer's duties in addition to his own.

Hakim M
& his Assis

EXCISE DEPARTMENT.

The administration of this department was run by B. Mukta Prasad during the year except for 3 months during Hakim Mal's absence for which period the services of one Lala Mohkam Chand were borrowed from the Punjab Government at the recommendation of Lala Ganga Sahai ji.

The following figures explain the working of the department during the year :—

Items	Amount of receipts for 1906—07.	Amount of re- ceipts for 1907- -08.
Liquors	Rs 17,210.	Rs 20,048.
Opium & drugs	Rs 16,695.	Rs 18,002.

Fines & forfeiture, &c	Rs 1,461	Rs 839.
Recovery of arrears ...		Rs 3,024
License for sale of saltpetre.	Rs 562.	Rs 150.
Total income ...	Rs 35,928.	Rs 42,063
Total expenditure	Rs 2,665	Rs 6,415
Balance ..	Rs 33263	Rs 35,648

Thus considering that the saving of Rs 35,648 includes the sum of Rs 3,024, the last year's arrears, the results are not favourable to the State nor are they reported to be so to the public. An indirect advantage of this new system is that illicit exportation of liquor has been stopped and the local contractors are said to have reaped considerable profit by forming a strong combination and this could not be successfully overcome for want of rival or foreign competition. A demonstration of such a combination was displayed in August 1908 and to check its consequences an endeavour was made by issuing special intimation to the big neighbouring Excise farmers as well as to those of Jodhpur and Bikanir but owing to series of bad years and dearness of food grains, the temptations offered to outsiders were not responded to, specially in a year like this when there are no Hindu marriages. Considering the above fact and on the recommendation of the officiating Hakim Mal and officiating Superintendent the shops were licensed out on comparatively low rates.

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the

NAZUL.

The reorganisation of this branch of administration is reported by Hakim Mal to have been complete and various the revision of establishments 10,100 maunds were sale to the were were noticed income aggregated 2,800/ and during being important

a) Bamboos.

of 3, - - - - - valued at Rs. 458/- were cut and supplied during the department from Dholayan and Kankwari proprietors are said to have report was not suffered a loss and collected at

The Ajerka Steam Mill.
This mill also did not prove a profitable year and heavy to the owners as owing to poor crop of oil seeds was limited and the prices were February 1908 for the first year. For the amount of water (ending 31st March, 1909,) a royalty of 5% for irrigating most of the imposed. to as low a level as 3 feet

The Alwar Flour Mill.
The Alwar Flour Mill has been started from 19th - - - - - been decided that no - - - - -

IRRIGATION.

The question regarding the control of this department by either the P. W. D. or the Revenue is far from settled as yet. Both the departments have submitted their schemes proposing how to run the administration but the Darbar thinking that a trained canal officer may give a successful start to the scheme have written for the loan of a Government Officer.

The administration of the department during the year remained much the same as before.

BOUNDARY SETTLEMENT.

During the year under report Shahpur Khurrampur dispute was decided against Alwar by the Political Agents of Alwar and Bharatpur who had been accepted as joint arbitrators in the case.

The Alwar Gurgaon boundary comparison was carried on by B. Mukta Pershad, Officiating Hakim Mal, Alwar, and the Extra Assistant Settlement officer, Gurgaon.

The following is the result:—

67 village boundaries have been compared and sanctioned and mutually accepted by the two districts.

7 cases of boundary settlement are still the subject of correspondence.

Other disputes requiring action are 2 with Jaipur State and 3 with Nabha State which will, it is hoped, be settled during the present cold weather.

BELDARS.

This department has, since the present year, been placed under the Revenue Department and was revised and reorganised this year. The strength of the gang has been fixed at 150 plus a suitable number of Jamedars, Mates &c.

The Hydraulic Cotton Press and Ginning Machine. B. Mukta a 10 years lease on payment of royalty during Hakim's year is still in force which period the royalties of one L. per year were borrowed from the Punjab Government under the recommendation and Lala Gangai in proceeding to the order of defining the incorporation of the order.

The full of the staff and forms of registers to be department have been proposed which are under the sanction of the Darbar.

Items

Liquors Special Committee appointed to report on the rate of State houses and their rental value have their enquiries and submitted their final report. The question, however, being important is the consideration of the Darbar.

Opium &c

1. District Kanugo acted as Munshi during the year at the end of which L. Kanugo succeeded him.

Trade and
manufactures

FOREST DEPARTMENT.

Forest Officer
and his staff.

With the exception of the work of Qabul-Singh, Central and Northern range officer, who has been suspended on account of misconduct, the administration of the Department under Dhabhai Ganeshi Lal ji was throughout satisfactory.

Area.

Saving a few acres of land round Rundh Dhuni Nath ji which was placed under the Forest Department for experimenting if it can be cultivated with advantage, the area under the forests remained practically unchanged.

Settlement &
Demarcation.

The demarcation of several forests was carried out this year at an expenditure of 300/- 300 stone slabs have been erected as boundary marks after careful survey.

Working of
the period.

(a) Timber fellings- 255 keekar trees were felled from Umran and Gobindgarh forests and the yield (timber) was supplied to the P. W. Department and Dawab Khana. The revenue from this source amounted to Rs. 765/-

(b) Fuel felling.

About 72,000 maunds of fuel, green and dried was collected at an expense of about Rs. 10,300/- and a major portion of it was supplied to the State departments and the public thus realising about 16,410/-.

(c) Removal of firewood from Forests.

Permits for removing dry wood from forests by head loads were as usual issued to the Public and the income including that derived from removal of the same by other agency amounted to about Rs. 3500/-.

(d) Charcoal fellings.

About 10,700 maunds of charcoal was burnt in various forests for supply to the State departments and sale to the public. Of this about 10,100 maunds were sold during the year. The net income aggregated 2,800/-

(e) Bamboos.

Bamboos valued at Rs. 458/- were cut and supplied to the State department from Dholayan and Kankwari blocks. 10 bamboo blocks were leased to the public which yielded an income of Rs. 3,779/-.

(f) Fodder and grass.

2,31,466 maunds of grass was cut and collected at a cost of 22,503/- during the year while 2,61,412

... and heavy
... for Rabi cultivation } the amount of water
in the Siliserh, which is used for irrigating most of the
Alwar gardens, was reduced to as low a level as 3 feet

maunds (excess amount was met from last year's
 lance) valued at 50,400/-was supplied to public and
 e State Departments. 1,275 permits were issued
 or grass cutting on payment of Daranti fees and thus
 a sum of Rs. 5,187/-was realised.

(g) Other minor produce.

The minor produce such as thatching grass, pala,
 date palm leaves, keeker chaunker fruits &c. &c. yield-
 ed an income of about 11,000/-

(h) Cattle grazing.

The income derived from the cattle grazing fees
 amounted to about Rs- 36,500/-.

Illicit grazing—There were 700 cases chiefly for
 illicit grazing and fines were inflicted to the amount
 of Rs. 4960/-

About 165 miles of export cart tracks in the forests
 were repaired at a cost of about Rs. 170/-

Communica-
 tions &c.

Kuchha quarters were constructed and repaired
 for forest guards in the various roonds and some wells
 were deepened during the year. The total cost amount-
 ed to Rs. 413-

Owing to sufficient protection of forest not a single
 case of forest fires was reported during the year

Protection

Forests are also protected against cattle by means
 of strict legislation.

Experiment is being tried to make the waste land
 round Roond Dhuni Nath ji culturable.

Experiment.

Natural reproduction or regeneration is reported
 to be very good, the seed crop of Salar, Chaunker &c.
 was pretty good. The grass crop was also a profuse
 one.

Regeneration.

The Forest Department has shown very satisfac-
 tory financial results which are as under :—

Revenue during the year ... 1,50,045—15-3

Expenditure 81,741—12-9

Balance saving ... 68,304—2—6

The net saving of the previous year being Rs 45,824.

Last, but not least, is the important scheme formu-
 lated by His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur

he year ...
 succeed him.

very recently for improving the State forests. His Highness after enumerating the various causes of spoliation or destruction of forests suggested measures which when carried into effect, will prove really conducive to the development of the State forests thus increasing the income from the Forests to an appreciable extent. The agency of Tehsildars and Jagirdars also will be utilised for the protection of forests. The result of the scheme will be noticed in the next year's report.

QUARRIES.

This department has had up to the present year a separate existence but as it is closely connected with the Forest Department it was amalgamated with same in this year and unnecessary staff was reduced. The figures shown above embrace this Singh's working also.

10 new quarries were opened during the year. The output of stone during the year was 23,157 tons and the gross revenue from quarries amounted to Rs 11,776.

KIRKIRI KHANA.

This department is under the supervision of Dhabai Gareshi Lalji, Forest Officer.

It was re-organised during the year under review. The list of establishment was overhauled. Old, incompetent and unnecessary men were discharged on pension, gratuity or otherwise and the unnecessary animals were reduced. The name of the department was changed from Shikar Khana to Kirkiri Khana.

ACCOUNTS OFFICE.

B. Ranjit Singhji continued to carry on the accounts work till about the end of the year viz 24th October, 1908, when owing to his satisfactory work in the re-organisation of the accounts office, he was made Private Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur. Until the appointment of his successor, B. Debi Prasad, formerly personal Assistant to Accountant General, has been directed to carry on the accounts work as Assistant Accountant General.

B. Ranjit Singhji started, at the very outset of the year, to disentangle the old accounts and to draw a new scheme for the better working of the Accounts Office. This scheme, the main points regarding which are mentioned elsewhere was brought into effect from January, 1908, under the sanction of the Darbar. Since then the work of the Accounts Office is going on smoothly. The following are some of the changes introduced under the new scheme.

(a) Introduction of the system of permanent advances.— The object of this introduction is to enable

Owing to paucity of rainfall last year and heavy demand for Rabi cultivation the amount of water in the Siliserh, which is used for irrigating most of the Alwar gardens, was reduced to as low a level as 3 feet

ental Officers to meet petty payment as soon
necessity for them arises and thus the execution of
is facilitated.

(b) Dates have been fixed for the transmission of
departmental accounts to the Accounts Office. This
has helped this office a great deal in checking and ad-
e State Deusting departmental accounts thoroughly and in time
or grass and has also made the departmental officers more ac-
a sum c tive and punctual in this direction.

(g) (c) The lengthy Dakhla system which used to take
up considerable time of the Accounts Office and pre-
vented the Departmental Officers from exercising pro-
per control over the progress of their departmental re-
ceipts and expenditure has altogether been abolished
and the system of sending bills by the supplying Depart-
ment to the department supplied has been introduced.

(d) To check the progress of departmental expendi-
ture against the budget grants it has been ruled that
every departmental officer should mention in a requis-
ition for funds which they submit for sanction, the
budget grant and the expenditure already incurred in
order that it may be verified by the Accounts Office.
The introduction of this procedure has worked as a
safe-guard against too rapid progress of the ex-
penditure.

(e) The P. W. D. accounts which had been so
long drawn up in accordance with vernacular system
have been cast on the English system and the rules of
the P. W. D. Code are observed in their compilation
and adjustment. The Workshop accounts, however,
still continue on old principles but it is hoped that they
too, will be moulded on better system.

These are some of the important changes.
Many other changes have also been made to facilitate
the work of the accounts office and other departments
as far as their accounts are concerned. To illustrate,
the Tehsili accounts appear now systematically com-
piled and are sent to the Daftar Hisab regularly.

The Treasury office was also re-organised and
has worked satisfactorily. Treasury.

Public Works Department.

The following are some of the important works
executed or were in progress during the year.

1. Alexandora Hospital.
2. Additions and Alterations to the Lansdowne
Palace.
3. Temple of Shri Dadiji Maharaj.

Last,
lated by h...

4. Additions to Gaushala for distillery.
5. Alwar Deeg Road.
6. Ramgarh Branch Road.
7. Ramgarh Firozpur Road.
8. Rajgarh Tehla Road.
9. Seriska Road.
10. Bund Waterworks.
11. Atarya Bund.
12. Repairs to Bunds Nagaon, Bhageri, Saren Khurd and others.

Workshops

Mr. De Souza, Superintendent of Workshops resigned his appointment in May, 1908, and in his place Mr. S. T. Drake was appointed Superintendent Workshops and Electric Power House on Rs 300/- per mensem.

The management of the Workshops is reported to have been satisfactory. The average daily number of labourers was 143.

No important addition has been made during the year. Expenditure on maintenance amounted to Rs. 15,087/-

Mr. N. C. O'Gorman, State Engineer, remained in charge of the Public Works Department as usual.

There were no noteworthy changes in the staff except in overseers, draftmen etc. etc.

GARDENS.

This department was upto now a branch of the Revenue Department. But seeing that it has no legitimate connection with Malsadar and that the Hakim Mal can not supervise with justice so many sighas, it was made independent of Malsadar during this year with M. Ramchander, the old Munsarim, as its head.

The Baghat Serishta was one of those which were selected for reorganisation in the year under review. The result has been that enquiries were made on the spot regarding many of the gardens. Some of them were removed from the control of this department and placed under the supervision of the Tehsildars concerned. The Company Bagh remained under the P. W. D. as usual and was considerably improved during the past 2 years.

Owing to paucity of rainfall last year and heavy demand for Rabi cultivation the amount of water in the Siliserh, which is used for irrigating most of the Alwar gardens, was reduced to as low a level as 3 feet

in June 1908 but timely and unceasing rainfall in the following 2 months over-filled it.

The revenue realised from cultivators of land for the supply of water they received for irrigating their lands during the year amounted to Rs. 9,532/-against an expenditure of Rs. 4029/-leaving a net saving of Rs. 5,503/-

The Revenue Member of Council in conclusion hereby acknowledges the help rendered to him by all the Officers and officials under him specially the Heads of departments in the discharge of his onerous duties. He would fail in his duties if he does not express a feeling of gratitude for the appreciation of his humble work as well as for the timely and kindly support he received from time to time from His Highness in carrying on his work. Conclusion.

—:0:—

(Sd) *S. Hamid-uz-zafar Khan,*

Senior Member of Council,

and Revenue Secretary,

Mehakma Alia Huzuri.

Name of court.	Cases.			Persons.		
	Criminal cases.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Criminal cases.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
Dist. Magistrate.	56	6	62	87	9	96
	33		33	72	...	72
				519	93	

(18)
CHAPTER III.
JUDICIAL BRANCH.

The following member of Council during
 under the adjt. ber of Co.

(1.)

	Instituted during the year.	Total.	No. of cases disposed of	Pending at the close of the year.
Civil.	14	336	334	16
Criminal.	20	151	165	6
Jagir.	...	31	12	19
Total.	34	518	511	41

Civil & Criminal
Justice.

Khan Sahib Mohamed Behram Khan continued to work as Appellate Judge during the year.

Out of a total number of 40 Sessions cases 36 were disposed of, out of 278 Criminal appeals 246 were decided, while out of 531 Civil appeals decisions in 361 were passed. Out of 18 suits of original jurisdiction the subject matter of which exceeded Rs 2000/-, 13 were disposed of, while out of 12 appeals of Nazool cases none remained pending decision at the close of the year.

Eight Criminal cases were specially transferred to this Court by the Higher Court, and out of these 5 were decided.

Out of a total 887 cases 673 were disposed of

in ...

at timely and ...
with

during the year leaving a balance of 114 undecided cases.

The daily average of cases disposed of was 2. 6 against 2. 8 in the previous year.

Out of 821 appeals preferred against the decision of the lower courts 619 were disposed of during the year as detailed below:—

Confirmed.	...	399.
Modified.	...	49.
Reversed.	...	83.
Otherwise disposed.	...	88.
	.....	619
	

done by the Criminal
report.

held charge of the office of Dis-
year.

Adminis-
Crimina

Name of the Courts.	Pending at the commencement of the year.			Instituted during the year.			Total.			Total.			Total.		
	Criminal cases.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Criminal cases.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Criminal cases.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Criminal cases.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Criminal cases.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
District Magistrate.	12	18	30	585	480	1065	597	498	1095	541	492	1033	56		
Honorary "	72	18	90	233	...	233	305	18	323	272	18	290	33		
Tehsils.	94	114	208	2519	370	2889	2613	494	3097	2287	405	2692	326		
Total.	178	150	328	3337	850	4187	3515	1000	4515	3100	915	4015	41		

Out of a total of 442, Criminal appeals and revisions 409 were disposed of during the year. The following table shows the number of cases pending ...
criminals under trial at the close of the year.

Name of court.	Cases.			Persons.		
	Criminal cases.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Criminal case.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
Dist. Magistrate.	56	6	62	87	9	96
Honorary Magistrate	33		33	72	...	72
Tehsils.	326	79	405	519	93	612
Total.	415	85	500	678	102	780

The following table shows the detail of the serious crime.

Offence.

Offences reported during the year.

	Cases.	Persons.
Murder.	4	11
Culpable Homicide.	6	18
Attempt at murder.	1	1
Grievous-hurt.	42	61
Housebreaking.	134	172
Causing miscarriage.	3	6
Un-natural offence.	3	5
Forgery.	6	9

In 4015 criminal cases disposed of during the year 1883 persons were convicted.

8 criminal were arrested & transferred to the Foreign courts.

Administration of Civil Justice.

Munshi Mithan Lal continued to hold the office of Civil Judge during the year under report. Owing to abnormal increase in civil work due to a change in the periods of limitation for Registered & unregistered documents the court of an additional Judge was established to dispose of the arrears.

Munshi Ganeshi Lal was appointed an additional Judge and was given the work of the Assistant civil judge, while M. Manoharlal, the Assistant Civil Judge, was placed incharge of the Extra work that had fallen in arrears.

The following table shows the No. of regular suits disposed of by the various Civil Courts.

Cases.

Name of court.	Pending at the commencement of the year.	Instituted during the year.	Total.	Disposed of	Pending. Re
Civil Judge.	739	807	1546	1262	234
{ Additional civil Judge.		1069	1069	657	412
Assistant " "	495	2141	2636	2240	396
Tehsil.	1708	2301	4009	3020	939
Total	2942	6313	9260	7179	208

The value of suits instituted during the year under report comes to Rs. 667,187/6/3. Value of

Out of a total of 9810 cases of Execution of Decrees 6848 were disposed of. Execut. Decree

462 bonds of the value of Rs. 100,370/- were registered in the courts of the civil Judge and of the Tehsildars. Registrars bonds

—:o:—

J A I L.

The services of B. Sanwal Dass Khanna were replaced at the disposal of the United Provinces Government as he proved a total failure here. The services of Pandit Kashi Parshad were obtained on loan from the Punjab Government only recently.

Muntaz

In the interim the District Magistrate first held charge of the Jail & latterly the Muntazim Police did the work.

age daily
of prisoners. The average daily No: of prisoners was 370 as per
detail given below against 385 of the previous year.

Convict

malaria
year in most parts of the

Munshi Ganeshi Lal was appointed an additional Judge and was given the work of the Assistant civil judge, while M. Manoharlal, the Assistant Civil Judge, was placed incharge of the Extra work that had fallen in arrears.

the No. of regular suits

Cases.

HIS HIGHNESS,

HOME BRANCH.

KOTHI DASEHRA. MUNSARIM BOHTAT. MUNSARIM ZENANI DEODHI. MUNTAZIM MUTFARRIQ

*khana. Tosha khana. Guests

unshi, khana Pun. Imtiazies. Khawas chelas. Gunijan khana. Deodhi khas. State Pr
Alwar Jeypur

In the interim the Distric
charge of the Jail & latterly the Muntazim
the work.

age daily
of prisoners. The average daily No: of prisoners was 370 as per
detail given below against 385 of the previous year.

Convicts.....	344
Under Trial.....	25
Prisoner of Civil case.....	1

Total ... 370.

The last named is dieted at the expense of his
creditor.

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malaria
year in most parts of the country

Munshi Ganeshi Lal was appointed an additional Judge and was given the work of the Assistant civil judge, while M. Manoharlal, the Assistant Civil Judge, was placed incharge of the Extra work that had fallen in arrears.

the No. of regular suits

Cases.

HIS HIGHNESS.

1001

Rajgarh Wajara Lachhmanagarh Bahror Thanagharzi Ramgarh Mishengarh

QIRRI

Gardens Boundary Disputes Irrigation

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HAKIMMAL STATE ENGINEER MUNTIAZ

REVENUEBRA

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Total.

average daily
of prisoners.

The average daily No: of prisoners was 370 as per detail given below against 385 of the previous year.

Convicts.....	344
Under Trial.....	25
Prisoner of Civil case.....	1

Total ... 370.

The last named is dieted at the expense of his creditor.

remunerative
work.

The remunerative labour done by prisoners amounted to Rs. 4317/14/4.

There was no escape of any prisoner during the year.

prisoners
the

The health of prisoners showed decided improvement.

ye
waters &
tries.

Manufacture of carpets, Durries &c. during the period of B Sanwal Dass' services showed no satisfactory progress. Now that the new superintendent of Jail has arrived, it is hoped he will direct his special attention to the matter. The production of aerated waters and the making of bread in the Jail are satisfactory.

amalgamation of
Police.

The Jail guard was amalgamated with the Police Force as the former was more or less Irregular and lax in discipline. It is hoped that this change will be to the good.

—:0:—

POLICE.

Muntazim Police.

M. Ali Mohammed held charge of the office of Muntazim Police during the period under report.

length.

The total strength of the Police Force numbered 1030 men, as compared with 940/ of the previous year. The Jail guard was amalgamated with the Police to ensure greater efficiency and better discipline.

The total cost of the maintenance of the force amounted to 96, 476-8-9.

The health of the force was not satisfactory during the year on account of malarial fever which was so vigorously prevalent throughout the year in most parts of the state.

The conduct of the force shows signs of improvement, 463 men having been punished during the year under report as against 578 of last year.

Conduct.

28 men were dismissed from the force against 51 during the previous year.

Dismissals.

The total number of cognisable offences reported to the Police was 1671 against 1401 during the previous year, of which 658 cases ended in conviction against 651 in the previous year.

Cognisable offences.

The value of property stolen was Rs. 28,695/- against Rs. 32,020/- during the previous year, while the value of the property recovered was Rs. 8,282/- against 10,040/- of the previous year.

Property stolen.

There were 8 cases (including 2 cases which were under investigation in the previous year) against coinage, in which 8 persons were convicted, 3 discharged and 2 remained under trial at the close of the year.

Cases of counterfeit coinage

No dacoity was committed during the year.

Daco

There were 2 murder cases against 4 of the previous year. All the 3 persons arrested by the police were convicted.

Murder

There occurred only 2 cases of robbery against 4 in the previous year.

Robbery

618 Finger impression slips of 407 persons and 19 search slips were sent to the central Bureau office at Mount Abu.

Finger impression slips.

There were 750 time-expired convicts in the year against 615 in the previous year.

—:o:—

WCB

JAGIR.

Formerly the affairs of Jagir & Court of Wards departments were under the direct management of the Council in the Judicial Department & naturally that amount of supervision which they really required could not be exercised for want of time.

Hence, a new Serishta comprising of Jagir, Court of wards, & Walter Krit Rajputra Hitkarni Sabha was created, as a tentative measure for 6 months & placed under a separate but temporary Muntazir, L. Romkanwar, who was Serishtedar Jagir in the Judicial Branch.

CHAPTER IV.

HOME BRANCH.

(25)

ments
re-
orm

The Durbar framed a set of rules regulating the Loans to Jethi
Loans incurred by Jagirdars for various purposes, &
the same was given effect to during the year under
report.

22 Estates (17 Jagir & 5 Nafis) were under Court of V.
the management of the Court of Wards during the
year under report.

3 new Estates (shares) namely, Saloli, Bhanwar
and Dothana came under the management of the Court
of Wards, and 3 old ones, viz, Rancholi, Dinar & Puthi
were given back to their legitimate owners.

Out of a total of 376 cases of breach of rules 328 Walter Krit R.
were decided. putara H. Sabl

A sum of Rs- 380/6/6 was realized on account of
fines &c.

—:0:—

EDUCATION.

Master Sahib Pandit Chuni Lalji held charge of Inspector o
the office of Muntazim Taleem during period. schools.

The number of schools was 94 as compared with Number of ps &
95 of previous year. One Primary school in Alwar schoos, pupi
Tehsil had to be closed for want of improvement, and
the question of opening another school in its place as
also those closed last report, 194 consideration.

1. The successful in the mal
the Special Middle

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concerned, one came

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The conduct of the force shows signs of improvement, 463 men having been punished during the year under report as against 578 of last year.

Conduct.

28 men were dismissed from the force against 51 during the previous year.

Dismissals.

The total number of cognisable offences reported to the Police was 1671 as against 1671 of the previous year.

Cognisable offences.

(24)

Villages.

The Number of Jagir villages & the holdings remained the same as during the previous year, viz. 204 & 129 respectively.

Property stolen

The Number of horses was 896, the same as the previous year, while the service horses numbered 582, including 87 for Nagara Nishan.

Cases of counterfeit coinage

Out of a total of 1640 cases 1445 were decided.

Daco

These 1640 cases comprise the institutions of the year under report and also the balance of the last year.

Murder

Death & success of Jagirdars.

The following Jagirdars died during the year.

Robbery

1. Gushain Kanchangir of Bhanwar.

2. T. Jagmal Singh of Gurya.

3. T. Partap Singh of Pempura.

4. T. Umrao Singh of Nimera.

5. T. Chiman Singh of Salampur.

6. T. Mangal Singh of Dothana.

Press impressions.

The questions of Succession in case of Palwa & Nagli-Sadh, which were pending decision in the M. A. H. during the previous year, as well as of Bhanwar were decided, while 5 are pending decision.

24 Shareholders were under their sons or legal heirs succeeded to the Judicial Department the share was amalgamated with supervision which they receive. The same was decided for want of time.

Teh

Totals & their the Mayo

In addition to the 15 Serishta comprising of Jagir, Court of education at the Mayo after Krit Rajputra Hitharni Sabha was as a tentative measure for 6 months & placed

1- Thakur Sa a separate but temporary Muntazim, L. Ram-kumar, who was Serishtedar Jagir in the Judicial Branch.

CHAPTER IV.

HOME BRANCH.

Up to the 15th January 1908, the departments under the administrative control of this Branch re- with a view to reform

(26)

The total number of boy & girl pupils receiving instruction in the State schools is thus classified according to religion.

Hindus.....4324

M. med. High school.....497

1. Nobles school.Nil

2. Middle schools.

16. Vernacular secondary schools.

65. " Primary schools.

9. Girls schools.

94

aching staff in the va-
teachers & monitors on
of Rs. 2238/0 as com-
rs at a monthly cost
he previous year.

extensive tour dur-
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ner, with
ited even

Appendix xx gives the number of schools, pupil,
average, daily attendance & expenditure.

Out of 4535 boys pupils who attended different A
schools during the year under report, 1943 were sons
of bonafide cultivators.

5 candidates were successful in the matriculation
examination and 6 in the Special Middle examination
of the Alwar State.

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it department is
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their own legitimate
eir subordinate officers and
without any helping

Munshi Gane

(23)

The conduct of the force shows signs of improvement, 463 men having been punished during the year under report as against 578 of last year.

Conduct.

28 men were dismissed from the force against 51 during the previous year.

Dismissals.

The total number of cognisable offences reported to the P. lice was 1671 as against the previous year.

Cognisable offences.

(24)

villages.

The Number of Jagir villages & the holdings remained the same as in the previous year, viz. 204 & 129

Property stolen.

(27)

The 146 students on the rolls of the school were thus classified.

Cases of counterfeit coins

Sons of Jagirdars

Do " Partners in Jagir

" " Muafidars

" " " " " "

" " " " " "

successful.

joined the oriental College at Lahore for prosecuting his further studies there. The question of the maintenance of the Persian department is still under consideration. 18 students of this school received employment during the year under review either in the State or outside.

Daco

Murder

Robbery

ger imp

Over a
are 4 school
Presbyterian
school.

Out of
the Darba
Alwar Clu

In the special Middle examination of 1908 Nine boys from this school appeared but only 3 were successful.

One student from this school joined the Mayo College, Ajmer, during the period.

On 31st October, 1908, 19 Rajput boys were in receipt of scholarships amounting to Rs. 23/6-per mensem and 36 students were receiving stipends of the aggregate value of Rs. 99/-per mensem.

As usual
putana School
February, 1908,
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in the previous year.

Judicial Member in closing his report begs to
sense of satisfaction with the manner in
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ntazim, L. R-m-
fir in the Judicial

CHAPTER IV.

HOME BRANCH.

Up to the 15th January 1908, the departments under the administrative control of this Branch remained as last year, thereafter with a view to reform the machinery of administration by grouping together departments more or less connected with each other, H. H. the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur was pleased to place the following departments under this Branch:—

- (I) Medical.
- (II) Dowlat Khana.
- (III) Palace
 - (1) Araishkhana.
 - (2) Toshakhana.
 - (3) Kitchen.
 - (4) Bartankhana.
 - (5) Armoury.
 - (6) Palkikhana.
 - (7) Library.
- (IV) Mutfarriq Serishtā.
 - (1) Deodhi Khas.
 - (2) Khawas Chela.
 - (3) Munshi Khana.
 - (4) Punna.
 - (5) Press.
 - (6) Vakalats.
 - (7) Imtiazies.
- (V) Deodhi Zenana.
- (VI) Bohtat.
- (VII) Kothi Desehra.

Formerly all Sighas communicated direct with the Council who, in addition to their own legitimate duties had to supervise over all their subordinate officers and departments big and small without any helping

hand but since the new reform, a specified number of Muntazims has been fixed and they have been given charge of groups of small departments and papers are now submitted by the smaller departments to Council through their medium.

A brief account of the working of the departments mentioned above during the year is given below. The result has been satisfactory.

MEDICAL

Captain L. I. M. Deas I. M. S. held charge of Agency the duties of the Agency Surgeon, during the year.

The number of Hospitals and Dispensaries continued to be the same as it was in the previous year, (1 Sadar Dispensary, eight Muffasil Dispensaries and the Lady Dufferin Hospital).

The proposals of opening the new Dispensaries at Medic Govindgarh and Partabgarh is under consideration of the Darbar.

The work at the Alexandra Hospital is in progress and it is hoped will be completed next year.

During the year under report 37959 out patients were treated, against 28591, during the previous year; and 926 in-patients against 708, with a daily average of 329.76 both of in and out patients taken together.

229 major and 1182 minor operations were performed in the Alwar Hospital during the year, against 209 and 1665 respectively during the previous year.

The total number of out-patients treated during the year in the District Dispensaries was 72720, as against 63392 during the preceding year, and 590 were admitted as in-patients against 512; giving a daily average of 447.49 of in and out-patients together. 185 major and 3957 minor operations were performed in the District Dispensaries.

Out-patients	...	...	4269.	J
In-patients	...	...	310.	
Daily average.	...	...	33-55.	

Admission of patients; both in and out was unusually large during the months of July, August and September.

There was no overcrowding in the Jail during the year. Accommodation is provided for 488 prisoners and maximum population on any one day being 409.

Sanatic Asylum. 6 remained under treatment at the commencement of the year and four new cases were admitted making a total of 10 (ten) of which three were cured and 7 remained under treatment.

Leper Asylum. One Leper was admitted in November 1907, and remained under treatment for the whole year.

Transferin Miss Ackroyd Turkhud M. B. of London, took over charge of the institution from Mrs. Gaudoin, who was acting as Superintendent, on the 11th December, 1907.

ta	Total No. of out-patients treated	... 14349.
	" " " in " "	... 411.
	Daily average out-patients	... 92/48
as	" " in " "	... 20/27.
	Major operations	... 63.
	Minor operations	... 515.

Vaccination. A staff of 14 vaccinators and one Native Superintendent continued during the year.

Total No. of vaccination operations performed during the year was 20674, as against 22068 during the previous year.

Epidemic diseases Plague. Plague epidemic of the last year continued. Khairtal, Ramgarh, and Kheri (in Ramgarh Tehsil) remained infected.

The disease lasted till the end of May 1908, during which time the following places got infection:-

Tehsil Kishengarh — Nagal Mojia, Hanspur, Noornagar, Fatiabad, Ghikaka, Alamdika, Baskirpal-Nagar, Naglia, Khoral and Harsoli.

Tehsil Thanagazi — Bargoogran, Basjogian and Jodhawas.

Tehsil Govindgarh — Govindgarh, Khera Mahmood, Palan Khera, Kharsoki, Shahpur, Baroli, Bhensrawat, Simla, Harsoli, Talra, Balaheri and Rambas

Tehsil Ramgarh — Barwara, Nibali, Nagali, Malpur, Alaora, Chirwahi and Mahkpur.

Tehsil Mandawar — Rasgan, Nagal-Santokra and Agwani.

Tehsil Alwar — Dadra.

Tehsil Tijara — Hasanpur, Tijara and Khizarpur.

1821 cases and 1309 deaths from plague took place

during the year — the highest number being in April (583 cases and 447 deaths).

The city of Alwar however remained free from plague, only four fatal cases were imported in the city during the year.

The measures adopted to check the spread of the disease were, dessication, disinfection and segregation so far as it could possibly be done.

Train inspection continued during the year to prevent infection being brought into the capital.

Cholera was imported in the State from the Gurgaon District. Jhundpuri, a village on the border, was infected in July, from where Tijara town and two other villages in that Tehsil (Ibrahimpur and Udaipur) caught infection. Cholera

Subsequently cases were reported from Ramgarh and Malikpur, Tehsil Ramgarh, Sonkhar, Tehsil Kathumar, Kishengarh, Ismailpur, Tehsil Kishengarh and Behror town, during the rest of the year but in none of these places fortunately the disease assumed a virulent form.

Isolated cases were also reported in the city; one took place in the 2nd Lancers and a Jail prisoner working in the State Press was attacked by the disease and died. Immediate steps were taken to segregate these cases and the spread of the infection was thus checked in time.

During the last 4 months 437 cases were reported, out of which 231 proved fatal.

Malarial fever was prevalent to an unusually large extent during the last two months of the year, all over the State. A large supply of Quinine and Cinchona was obtained to cope with the demand and was distributed in the State.

II. DAULAT KHANA.

Hakim Sayed Mahammadji held the office of Controller of His Highness' Household — now called Daulat Khana—during greater part of the year, but in the latter part of the year on account of his illness and consequent absence the charge of the same was given to Thakur Bhawani Singh ji temporarily, who carried on the work with credit.

III MAHAL.

Hakim Sayed Mohammad ji continued to hold the charge of the Muntazami Mahal during the year under report.

The following departments are under the control of the Muntazim Mehal:—

1. ARAISH KHANA.

1. Araish Khana. Qazi Abdul Rahim remained in charge of this department and his work was satisfactory.

Formerly Araish Khana stores were not in a systematic order, but were carelessly heaped in one Kothiar. They are now kept in separate Kothiar and are well looked after.

There were no registers of the articles given from or received in, the department. Such books have now been opened.

2. TOSHA KHANA.

2. Tosha Khana. Lala Bankey Lal remained in charge of this department as usual.

3. KITCHEN.

3. Kitchen. Bhoor Singh ji of Bahroli A. D. C. to H. H. the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur held charge of this department in addition to his legitimate duties as A. D. C.

4. BARTAN KHANA

4. Bartan Khana. Khawas Sheo Buxji on his being appointed Munsarim of Kothi Desehra & Bohtat was relieved from this department. It was placed temporarily under the control of a Naib but later on Diwan Ganga Bax employed in Khawas Chelas was appointed Munsarim and the post of the Naib was brought under reduction.

Epid
Pl

This department was to be reorganised during the year, but the same could not be completed.

(5 & 6) ARMOURY & PALKI KHANA.

- Armoury & Palki Khan. Hakim Sayed Mohammed ji, Muntazim Mehal, had direct charge of these departments before, but since the introduction of new reforms, Abdulla Khan, employed in Imtiazies, has been appointed Munsarim of these department under him.

7. LIBRARY

Joshi Ramchandra is in charge of this Sigha under the Muntazim Mehal.

IV. Mutfarriq Serishta.

This department has been newly created and placed under the charge of Munshi Jagmohan Lal ji, who, it is satisfactory to state, is taking keen interest in the working of the same.

The following departments have been placed under

the supervision of Muntazim Mutfarriq Serishta.

1. DEODHI KHAS.

Dhabai Ganeshi Lal ji had charge of Deodhi Khas Deodhi Khas, in the begining but later on Major Daud Khan ji, retired Commandant, I. S. Cavelry, was appointed Nazim in his place.

2. KHAWAS CHELAS.

The charge of this department was taken away Khawas Chelas. from Dhabai Ganeshi Lal ji on account of his having already excessive work, and was placed under the direct control of the Muntazim Mutfarriq Serishta.

3. MUNSHI KHANA.

There were formerly two Munshi Khanas Persian and Hindi — supervised by Persian and Hindi Munshies separately. Both of them have now been amalgamated and placed under one Munsarim — Munshi Gokhul Chand ji, formerly Munshi Hindi Munshi-Khana. Munshi Khana.

There was a number of clerks uselessly entertained in the Munshikhana Farsi. They have now been reduced or transferred to other departments.

4. PUNNA.

Daftari Ramkirpal continued to hold charge of this department.

Formerly this was supervised by the Bohtat department but under the new reform it has been given under the supervision of the Muntazim Mutfarriq Serishta.

5. PRESS.

The independant Press department was established in April, 1907. Before that the press work was done on a small scale with a very small paid staff at the Jail and hence it was called "Jail Press". The accessories to the Jail were not adequate to meet all the demands of the State and consequently a good deal of State work had to be sent—outside the State and large sums of money spent in getting State paper printed at other Presses.

To remove these defects the "Alwar State Press has been created as a separate establishment now and B. Raghunandan Lal Ry. Clerk, M. A. H., was appointed Manager in addition to his own duties. Experience has shown that the establishment of Press as a separate department has proved economical to the

State. No work since then has been sent out and the quality of the work done in the Press is also good.

The receipts of the State Press for the period under report were Rs. 4726 against Rs. 2359 of the Jail Press in the preceding year— while expenditure amounted to Rs. 3501 against Rs. 2145 (Establishment at Jail Rs. 385—Rs. 1760, paid to outside Presses on account of printing charges).

6. VIKALAT.

There used to be 6 Raj Vakils at the following places.

Vakil at Mt. Abu.

„ „ Jaipur.

„ „ Political Agency, Alwar.

„ „ Narnol (Patiala).

„ „ Bawal (Nabha,)

„ „ Agra.

Of the above, the post of last named employed to look after the Alwar House at Agra only has been brought under reduction.

The rest of the Vakils are performing their duties as usual.

7. IMTIAZIES.

The reorganization of this department is under consideration and for the present it has been placed under the direct charge of the Muntazim Mutfarriq Serishta.

5. Armoury &
Palaki Khan.

V. DEODHI ZANANA.

Kanwar Bhagirat Singh ji continued to hold charge of the Deodhi Zanana.

Library.

The distribution money as Punna to Brahmans and others or grant to temples thereof through this department has been for facility of accounts transferred to the Punna Sigha to which it properly belongs.

VI. BOHTAT.

Mahta Chhagan sing ji held charge of this department till.....when according to the new scheme Khawas Sheo Bax ji was placed in charge thereof. This department has been under reorganization.

VII. KOTHI DASEHRA.

Hakim Syed Mohammad ji remained incharge of this department up to March last when Khawas Sheo

Bax ji was appointed Munsarim in addition to his former duty as Munsarim Bohtat.

There was a great deal of useless Saman and rubbish of all kinds collected in this department. His Highness was pleased to inspect it personally and to order that the Saman be auctioned or otherwise disposed of.

It is satisfactory to state that Khawas Sheo Bax ji is taking interest in the improvement of this department.

The following departments were to be overhauled during the year under review.

Bohtat.

Bartan Khana. and

Military Accounts Office.

The reorganization of the first two departments is still incomplete but it is hoped that the same will be done during the ensuing year. As regards the Military Accounts Office, report will be submitted from the Army Branch to which it now belongs.

CONCLUSION.

It may be noted hereof that the general working of the departments under this Branch was satisfactory and the Member in charge places on record his appreciation of the interest taken and zeal shown by the officers under him in discharging their duties. The Home Member in conclusion begs to express his sincere obligation to His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur for the never failing support he received from him in all matters referred to His Highness for orders or advice.

————:o:————

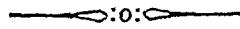
(Sd) Madho Singh,

Home Member of Council and

Secretary Mehalma Alia Huzoorree.

CHAPTER V.

ARMY BRANCH.

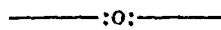


Introduction.

(1) His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur has been pleased to transfer the Medical Department from this to the Home Branch and to place the regular and the irregular forces under this Branch, so that the name of this Branch has been changed from Departmental to Army Branch.

(2) The working of the Departments under this branch during the year under report is shown below.

I. IMPERIAL SERVICE TROOPS.



Strength.

The total strength of the Cavalry and the Infantry at the end of the year under report was 555 and 877 respectively.

Casualties.
Cost.

There were 16 casualties in all during the year.
The total cost of pay and allowances during the year under report was as under :—

Cavalry	1,34,721-15-2
Infantry	1,53,459-14-4
Total Rs.	.....
	2,88,181-13-6

Inspections.

The Inspector General, Imperial Service Troops, the Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, Musketry, & the Inspector of Signalling inspected the Regiments and were satisfied with the work.

Musketry.

The Annual Course of Musketry has been finished and the results are satisfactory.

Military parties.

The following parties were sent out during the year:—

Regiment.	Party attended.	Place.
.....
Cavalry.	Musketry (twice)	Meerut.
"	Atheletic	Jammu.
Infantry.	Musketry.	Meerut.



„	Fatigue party.	„
„	Engineering class	Nahan.
„	Atheletic meeting.	Jammu.

The total number of animals in the end of the year was 251 and 294 respectively. Transport.

The health of the Regiment was on the whole good during the year. The sanitary arrangements for Lines etc. were satisfactory. Health.

No epidemic diseases appeared this year. Epidemic diseases.

There were 517 horses and 13 camels in the beginning of the year. During the period under report 42 horses were added to the total while 22 were rejected; thus leaving a balance of 537 horses and 13 camels at the end of the year. Horses and camels.

In addition to the ordinary parades and drills, the double company training was practised and the regiment left the head quarters in November and December, and proceeded to Keriria nearly 10 miles off from Alwar. Parades and drills.

Dafedar Kesri Singh was selected as Squad Instructor for the Musketry class at Meerut. General.

New Colours (brought by His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur from England) were presented by him to the Imperial Service Infantry, Alwar, on the parade ground in the presence of the whole Brigade.

The new system of giving furlough and 15 days casual leave to one Double Company at one time was sanctioned and introduced in the Imperial Service Infantry.

Majors Natha Singh ji and Bhoor Singh ji continued to hold charge of Infantry and Lancers respectively during the year.

—:o:—

II. Irregular Forces.

Thakur Ganga Singh ji continued to hold the office of the Sena Pati throughout the year. (Formerly he was designated Baxi Fauj but as the word did not show the real position of the holder, His Highness has been pleased to change it to Sena Pati.)

The following Beras were reorganised and abolished during the year. Reorganisations.

The Zamboor-khana which had hitherto been a separate Bera was reduced and most of its employes

were transferred to Bakhtawar Paltan. Those required for future processional purposes were put in charge of the Munsarim Shutar Khana.

The strength of Khas Chowki was reduced from 100 to 50 while the supernumerary men were transferred to Bakhtawar Paltan.

The required number of Khas Bardars (12) were transferred to State Armoury and the superfluous men of this Bera and all the Barchhi Bardars were amalgamated with Bakhtawar Paltan.

Bakhtawar
Paltan.

Captain J Plough continued to hold charge of the Regiment during the year. The strength of the regiment was increased by 180 units owing to the amalgamation of some of the above mentioned Beras with it.

Risalas.

New rules for the guidance of the Naqdi Risalas were passed on trial for 6 months and put into force during the year.

Second Lancers.

Pirbhudan Singh ji Continued to hold the office of the Commandant of the Regiment during the year.

Horse Artillery.

Captain Bheem ji continued to command this force during the year.

III. MUNICIPALITY,

Number.

The number of the Municipalities in the State remained the same as it was the year before.

Population.

The population of all the Municipalities is over one lac souls, out of which the Capital town (Alwar) comprises 57,863.

President

Diwan Amir Singh ji continued to hold charge of the Municipal Committee, Alwar, during the year. The Municipalities in the Mufassil which were hitherto presided over by the Tehsildars have also been placed this year under the supervision of the Alwar President. This facilitates the work of getting papers of the department through one Serishta; and to a certain extent it reduces the work of the Council also.

Taxes.

The principal taxes received by the Municipality are as before, octroi duty, slaughter house fees and Paraos.

(a) The President Municipal Committee, Alwar was authorised to hear appeals of the District Municipalities.

(b) The main Bazar of the Alwar town was im-

mentally improved by repairing, white-washing and creating of a uniform corrugated iron Saiban in front of the shops.

(c) The Schedule of Octroi taxes has been revised and certain articles which were exempt from the duty have been added to the duty paying list.

(d) The Sanitary arrangements were kept as usual up to work, and happily no epidemic spread in the city within the year. Dog catching remained in progress & 6 sweepers and 1 peon was added to the staff.

(e) The receipts of the Octroi department fell to Rs- 49,927-4-3. Owing to the indifferent condition of the year or in other words there was a falling off of Rs- 20031-9-0 in the usual income. However the department managed to pay off Rs- 12627, towards the State departments within the year.

(f) The Katra Ramganj was considerably improved at a handsome cost and old shops were repaired.

(g) The post of the Vice President of Alwar Municipality was abolished.

IV. BAGGI KHANA

Thakur Bhawani Singh ji held charge of this Department till the 13th February, 1908, when he was succeeded by Moti Lal ji, the present Munsarim.

There were 120 animals and 62 carriages during the period under report against 151 and 80 of the preceding year.

A new scheme for the better working of the department has also been introduced this year.

V. FEELKHANA

Mir Farzand Ali ji Mir Munshi to H. II. was relieved of his duties and succeeded by Thakur Bhawani Singh ji. a second time, as Munsarim Feel Khana, being better suited to the post and the former officer having more work than he so have time to discharge satisfactorily.

There were 25 elephants in the department this year against 27 in the last. The scheme for the better working of the department was confirmed this year.

VI. SHUTAR KHANA

Mir Farzand Ali ji was appointed Munsarim of this

department vice Sheo Bax ji transferred since 17th January 08 and continued to control the department during the year.

A revised scheme for this department is under contemplation.

The total strength of the animals of this department including young stock was 2069 against 1915 of the preceding year.

VII. TAVELAJAT,

His Highness was pleased to order the establishment of a Muntazim for Tavelajat. Thakur Amar Singh ji a Tazimi Sardar was appointed Muntazim to supervise the works of certain correlated Departments which were heretofore separate Sighas, an account of which is given in seriatum as below:-

1. KHAS TAVELA

There were 95 animals in all during the year against 83 of the last.

2. STUD.

Destalluqa (Stud) and Horse Depot which were up to this time separate Sighas were amalgamated this year and the combined department was named " the Stud ". Doctor Yaqoob Khan ji held this department in his charge during the year under report.

There were 237 animals (including mares, foals stallions etc) in all at the end of the year under review against 261 of the last year. Horses were supplied to other Department of the State.

3. TAINATI TAVELA.

There were 39 horses and mares this year against 40 of the last year. It has now been placed under the charge of Thakur Amar Singh ji.

VIII. DAWAB KHANA.

His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur has been pleased to put the under mentioned three sighas under one Sarishta and to name it Dawab Khana. Dhabai Ram Partab ji is in charge of the department.

1. RATH KHANA.

There were altogether 112 Rathes and bullock-carts &c. and 250 bullocks against 110 and 247 respectively of the preceding year.

2. GADHI SIGHA.

This Sigha was reorganised this year. The number of carts to be kept in the State was raised to 60, and of the bullocks to 120. As more carts are wanted for camp purposes the number has been increased.

3. GAO SHALA.

There were 898 animals in all against 951 of the last year. After in-curring all the usual expenditure of the Sigha there remained a saving of Rs- 800/- in spite of the high prices of grass & fodder.

IX Veterinary Department.

This department was also reorganised during the year and placed on a sound footing. To effect a proper supervision over the health of the animals, the veterinary assistants in service were attached to various Risalas, stables &c proportionately, and their work divided.

CONCLUSION.

Owing to the prolonged absence of Thakur Narain Singh ji, the Army Member of Council from duty on account of his father's death, the work was for some time carried on by the Home Member of Council untill His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur was pleased to appoint T. Ram Singh ji of Thana to work for the Army Member untill T. Narain Singh ji's return

It is satisfactory to report that the Heads of the Departments mentioned above generally worked satisfactorily during the year.

The officiating Member can not conclude this report without expressing his deepest sense of gratitude to his Master, His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur for the ready support which was so kindly extended to him in performing his duties.

(Sd) *Ram Singh,*

(Off) *Army Member of Council,*

and Secretary Mehakma Alia Huzoor.

✧ APPENDIX ✧

Names of High officials in Alwar State and Residency officials,

No.	Name of officers.	Appointment.	Period.
			From
1	Major H. L. Showers. C I. E., I. A.	Political Agent.	13th. October 1908.
2	Capt. L. J. M. Deas, M. B, I. M. S.	Agency Surgeon.	4th. December 1906.
3	Khan Bahadur, Sahib-zada Hamiduzzafar Khan C. I. E.	Senior Member of Council.	1st. August, 1905.
4	Rao Bahadur Thakur Durjan Singh ji	Judicial Do.	7th. April 1907.
5	Thakur Madho Singh ji.	Home Do.	16th July 1900.
6	Thakur Ram Singh ji.	Officiating Army Do.	22nd. Septr 1908.
7	Babu Ranjit Singh ji. B. A.	Private Secretary & Member of Council.	24th. Octr. 1908.
8	Mr. N. C. O'Gorman	State Engineer.	20th August, 1905.
9	Rai Sahib L. Ganga Sahai ji. M. A.	Hakim Mal.	22nd July, 1906.
10	B. Devi Pershad ji.	Asstt. Muntazim Daftar Hisab.	29th. Octr. 1908.
11	Dhabai Ganeshi Lal ji.	Muntazim Janglat.	1st. Septr. 1906.
12	Khan Sahib Mohamzad Behram Khan	Session Judge	14th. Febry. 1907.
13	Pandit Har Buksh ji.	Dist. Magistrate.	15th. May. 1903.
14	Lala Mithan Lal ji.	Civil Judge.	14th. Septr. 1903.
15	B. Ali Mohammad.	Muntazim Police.	14th. Febry. 1907.
16	Pandit Kashi Parshad ji.	Muntazim Jail	22nd. Octr. 1908.
17	Thakur Ganga Singh ji.	Sena Pati.	1895.
18	Do. Amar Singh ji.	Muntazim Tavelajat.	13th. Janry. 1908.
19	Lala Ganeshi Lal ji.	Additional Civil Judge	19th. March 1908.
20	Munshi Manohar Lal ji.	Asstt. Civil Judge.	24th. Septr. 1903.
21	Master Sahib Pandit Chuni Lal ji.	Muntazim Taleem.	1st. Febry. 1908.
22	Thakur Bhawani Singh ji. (Acting)-	Muntazim Doulat- Khana.	1st. Septr. 1908.
23	Munshi Jagmohan Lal ji.	Muntazim Mutfarriq Serishta.	13th. Janury 1908
24	Miss Turkhud. M. B, B. S.	Lady Doctor.	11th. Dec. 1907.
25	Hakim Sayed Mohammed ji.	Muntazim Mahal.	18th. April 1906.
26	Diwan Amir Singh ji.	President Municipal Committee.	23rd. August. 1906.
27	Lala Ram Chander ji.	Munsarim Bagat & Nahar.	18th. Febry. 1902.
28	Rao Sahib Khawas Sheo Bux ji.	Munsarim Kothi Dasehra	7th. May. 1908.
29	Kanwar Bhagirat Singh ji.	Munsarim Zanani Deodhi.	7th. September. 1908
30	Lala Ram Kumar ji.	Muntazim Jagir.	1st. June. 1908.
31	Kanwar Moti Lal ji.	Munsarim Baggikhana	14th. Feby. 1908.
32	Dhabai Ram Pertab ji.	„ Dawab-khana.	13th. Jany. 1908.
33	Munshi Ferzand Ali ji.	„ Shutar-khana.	17th. Feby. 1908.
34	B. Shivecharan Lal ji B. A.	Supdt M. A. Huzuri.	22nd. October 1908.

showing changes in personnel during the year ending 31st october 1908.

To.	REMARKS.
31st October.	
Do.	
"	
"	
"	
"	Thakur Narain Singhji, Army Member of Council, being on leave.
"	
"	
"	Vice B. Ranjit Singh ji promoted and transferred to Mahakma Alia Hazuri as
"	Private Secretary & Member of Council.
"	
"	
"	
"	
"	Vice B. Sanwal Dass Khanna reverted to Govt. employ.
"	
"	Post newly created.
"	Newly appointed (temporary).
"	
"	Vice Hakim Sayed Mohammed Muntazim Mehal.
"	Post newly created.
"	Vice Miss Lauder resigned.
"	
"	
"	Vice Hakim Syed Mohammad.
"	
"	
"	Post newly created.
"	
"	

APPENDIX II.

LIST OF LAWS IN FORCE IN THE ALWAR STATE.

Description.	Whether adopted from British Indian Acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	REMARKS.
Indian Penal Code.	Yes.	} No.	
Municipal Act.	"		
Stamp Act III of 1903.	"		
Revenue Code II of 1903.	"		
Patwari & Kanungo rules.	"		
Excise Code.	"		
Police Act.	"		
Indian Criminal.	"		
Procedure Code.	"		
Alwar Forest bye-laws.	no.	} Yes.	The T. A. Rules passed before have been promulgated with them.
Nazool Rules.	no.		
Civil Rules.	no.		

APPENDIX III.

Statement showing the strength, cost, discipline and education of the police for the year 1907 and 1908.

Description of office.	Number.	Pay of grade.	Total cost.	Departmental punishment						Judicial punishment.			Reward		Education.		REMARKS.
				Dismissal.	Fine.	Degradation	Suspension.	Quarterguards.	Drill.	Fine.	Imprisonment.	Fine and imprisonment.	By promotion.	By money	Literate.	Illiterate.	
Muntazim Police.	1	175/-	2,100-10-0	1	..	1 Vacant.
Inspector 1st grade	1	100/-	1,200 0-0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
Inspector 2nd grade	1	80/-	901-11-10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
Deputy Inspectors	3	60/-	1,432-0-0	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..
1st. grade																	
do 2nd grade.	5	50/-	2,819-9-4	..	5	2	5	..	2 Vacant. 2 More
do 3rd "	5	40/-	2,018-3-6	..	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	5	..
do 4th "	8	35/-	3,007-12-1	..	8	3	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	6	..
Sergeants 1st "	13	25/-	3,802-11-0	1	6	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	15	..
do. 2nd "	26	16/-	4,872-3-10	..	10	1	3	..	24	8	1 Vacant. 20 Vacant.
do 3rd "	55	12/-	7,436-0-10	1	35	9	4	..	3	..	..	..	3	3	47	11
Launseregants	59	10/-	6,368-12-4	2	42	6	1	..	3	..	..	..	13	..	47	181
Constables 1st. grade	275	8/-	24,584-11-1	7	46	15	..	3	12	1	1	..	11	3	74	..	
Constables 2nd grade.	578	7/-	33,257-3-11	17	127	15	64	..	3	1	16	16	15	475	88 Vacant appointments.
Memals.	..	..	1,671-3-2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sweepers.	..	..	9,95-0-0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Contribution	..	..	1,21-8-0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Station and Horse allowance.	8,07-3-10	112 Vacancies wall rank mode.
Total.	1030	..	96,476-8-9	28	288	35	5	18	82	2	4	1	49	25	243	677	

APPENDIX IV.

Statement showing the working of the Police of the Alvar State during the year 1907 and 1908.

State	Number of offences		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent up for trial		Number of accused convicted.		No. of accused accepted or discharged		Percentage conviction (col 4 & 5)		Percentage conviction of accused sent for trial.		REMARKS
	Past year	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
Alwar ...	1119	1103	1215	1633	1119	1628	668	989	219	434	55	60	59	61	

APPENDIX V.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and amount recovered in the State during the year 1907 and 1908.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Alwar.	32020	28695	10040	8282	31	29	

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of

Description of offence	No. of offences.			No. of cases disposed of during the past year.	No. of cases disposed of during the present year.	No. of persons apprehended.	No. of persons convicted.	No. of persons				
	Balance from Past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.					Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and fine.		Fine only.
								Simple.	Rigorous	Simple.	Rigorous.	
232 } ...	2	6	8	5	6	13	8					
262 } ...												
212 } ...	3	4	7	2	5	6	3	...	2		6	...
216 } ...												
224 } ...	3	6	9	3	6	9	6	...	1		...	2
226 } ...												
147 ...	10	13	23	9	10	116	45	...	3		2	1
170 ...	2	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...		6	39
363 ...	2	2	4	3	2	9	1	...	...		...
307 ...	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	...	...		1	
304 ...	2	5	7	...	2	13	2	1	...		...
304 A ...	1	1	2	3	1	2	...	...	1		1	
302 ...	3	2	5	1	3	3	3	...	...		...
392 ...	3	2	5	3	1	1	1	...	3		...	
376 ...	2	7	9	7	6	9	5	...	1		...	
377 ...	...	3	3	3	3	5	2	...	...		5	
317 } ...											2	
318 } ...	...	5	5	3	3	6	3	...	...		2	
309 ...	4	6	10	6	9	7	6	1	3		...	1
328 ...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...		...
325 ...	9	42	51	33	26	68	22	...	7		14	2
329 } ...												
331 } ...	...	2	2	1	...	3	...	...			...	1
333 } ...											...
334 } ...	13	30	43	9	23	90	47	...	3		2	42
324 ...	6	15	21	3	15	19	7	...	1		5	1
347 } ...	2	1	3	1	1	13	4	...	4	...	...
348 } ...											...
428 } ...	3	24	27	7	10	18	7	...	2		1	4
429 } ...											...	10
435 ...	6	15	21	9	13	25	11	...	...		1	2
436 ...	...	10	10	3	7	15	14	...	2		10	4
451 ...	...	9	11	7	7	13	9	...	2		3	2
452 ...	5	7	12	4	6	19	2	...	...		...
447 ...	7	15	22	4	12	21	14	...	10		4	1
448 ...	...	3	3	1	3	3	1	...	...		...
341 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...
342 ...	72	321	393	71	108	197	118	2	84	2	26	6
453 ...												
456 ...	60	141	201	37	48	88	60	3	40	0	10	41
336 ...												
337 ...	94	397	491	144	238	394	268	2	148	9	57	22
457 ...												
460 ...	25	115	140	61	80	142	88	1	41	1	20	2
379 Cattle. ...												
382 ...	5	14	19	15	9	17	9	...	3		4	
379 property ...	1	11	12	1	7	13	6	2	3		1	
411 ...	...	2	2	3	2	6	...	...	...		...
414 ...	...	1	1	...	1	3	3	...	...		...
406 ...	3	...	3	1	4	4	3	...	...		3	3
409 ...	...	1	1	...	1	5	2	...	2	...	...	...
419 ...												
420 ...	30	93	123	84	99	106	91	...	67		...	3
295 ...	2	10	12	...	8	14	12	...	2		...	3
327 ...	...	4	4	...	4	13	11	...	...		7	
332 ...	...	2	2	...	2	20	19	...	...		8	...
289 ...	5	15	20	10	10	75	50	...	...		...	19
400 ...	3	14	17	1	16	15	14	...	4	...	10	36
19-27 71 criminal	...	5	5	...	3	4	2	...	14		...	...
Tube act.	...	9	9	12	9	9	9	...	...		1	1
Excise Act	...	9	9	12	9	9	9	...	...		1	1
Cow slaughter.	...	9	9	12	9	9	9	...	...		1	1
Gambling act.	...	9	9	12	9	9	9	...	...		1	1
Illegal hunting.	...	9	9	12	9	9	9	...	...		1	1
Vagrancy.	...	9	9	12	9	9	9	...	...		1	1
Opium act.	...	9	9	12	9	9	9	...	...		1	1
Municipal act	...	9	9	12	9	9	9	...	...		1	1
Total ...	392	1403	1795	571	830	1633	989	12	453	12	212	259

and cases awaiting trial in the Alcar State during the year 1907 and 1908.

sentenced.		No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	No. of persons confined being insane.	No. persons died during or before trial.	Term of imprisonment.												REMARKS.
Whipping.	Total.				Under one month.	From one to two months.	From two to three months.	From three to six months.	From six to 12 months.	From one to two years.	From two to three years.	From three to six years.	Above six years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment.	Awaiting trial.	
	8	3				1		1	3	1	1	1				2	3 Under investigation.
	3	3				1											
	6	3			1	2	1	1									
	15	53			6											18	
	1	5							1								
	1					1											
	2	1									1	1				10	
		1														1	
	3												2	1			
	1					1											
	5	2										4				2	
	2	3								2							
	3							1	1							3	
	6	1			1	2	1										
	22	26			4	6	2	4		4		1				20	
																8	
	47	35			1	1		3									
	7	12			2	3				1							
	4	9				4											
	7	4				3										7	
	11	10					1									4	
	14				9	1		1								1	
								1									
	9	1			1	3						1				3	
	2	8														9	
2	14	3			5	2	6		1							4	
1	1	2															
11	118	60			11	28	11	18	7	36	1	2				19	
3	60	20			11	12	1	13	3	13						8	
	268	100			87	81	5	13	9	19		2				26	
	88	35			17	17	1	13	8	6	1					19	
	9	5			1	1	1		1	3						8	
	6	4			2					3	1					3	
	3	6							1								
21	3	1							1								
		2															
3	91	2			1	13	23	1	16		14					13	
	12																
	11	2				1	2	6		3						2	
	19	1					1	4									
	50	9														16	
	14	1				2	8	2	2							1	
	2				1		1			14							
	9																
41	989	434			2	175	205	43	86	52	107	5	12	1	2	1	205

APPENDIX VII.

Statement showing the Number of offences dealt with by various Courts in the Alwar State during the year ending 31st October 1908.

Name of Court.	No. of offences reported during the year.		No and Persons dealt with.								How dealt with.					REMARKS.		
	Past year.	Present year.	Instituted during the year.						Total.		Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Referred.	Died, escaped and transferred.			
			Remaining at the end of the year.	Arrested by police.	by Warrant.	on Summons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of magistrate.	Past year.	Present year.								
District magistrate.	463	585	21	486	47	490	...	...	...	856	1044	14	428	433	60	13	96	
Honorary Magistrate	253	233	171	...	13	629	...	...	...	695	813	...	555	183	3	...	72	
Tehsils.	1392	2519	222	1603	257	3025	1	3	3	3530	5111	227	2981	1267	28	2	612	
Appellate Judge.	91	48	5	75	...	...	...	...	...	137	75	...	18	41	5	2	14	
Total.	2199	3385	419	2164	317	4144	1	3	3	5218	7043	235	3982	1924	96	17	794	

APPENDIX VIII,

Statement showing the result of appeals against decisions passed by the criminal courts in the Alwar State During the year ending 31st October 1908.

Tribunals.	No. of Persons and cases.																						
	No. of applications.		Sentences																				
			applications rejected.		confirmed.						modified.		Revised.		Proceeding Quashed.		Referred		Further enquiry-ordered		Pending.		
					Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.											
District magistrate.	422.	...	...	244.	244.	244.	76.	76.	64.	64.	...	...	8.	8.	30.	30.	...	...	22.	13.	89.	32.
Appellate judge.	278.	14.	6.	273.	160.	33.	30.	35.	36.	2.	2.	10.	10.

CIVIL WORK..NATURE AND VALUE OF ORIGINAL SUITS FILED AND DISPOSED OF.

Name of court	Suits filed during the present year										Suits disposed of during the year.					Value.									
	Opening balance		Filed during the year		Total		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance		Value	Suits for money transaction.	Suits for other rights.	Number of suits under 100/-	Number of suits above Rs 100/- & under Rs 500/-		Number of suits above Rs. 500 & under Rs 1000	Number of suits above Rs. 1000 & under Rs 5000.	Number of suits above Rs. 5000.						
	Past	Present	Past.	Present.	Past.	Present.	Past.	Present.	Past.	Present.															
Civil Judge.	356	739	1275	807	1631	1556	832	1252	739	281	257,478-11-3	102	681	24	169	597	38	3	.	138	288	39	797	180	573-14-3
Additional Civil Judge.	...	...	...	1039	...	1060	...	675	.	412	233,571-4-3	35	1016	18	37	937	76	19	..	14	288	163	159	110	389-1-0
Assistant Civil Judge.	191	495	1928	2141	2128	565	1633	2240	493	396	38,412-8-0	96	2045	...	2141	...	..	...	...	304	761	583	569	73	433-7-9
Mahadad.	349	306	2287	1197	3328	1473	302	3212	303	221	157,914-13-9	648	713	1303	2741	353	54	18	1	30	257	311	2614	147	951-67-9
Tahsildar.	517	231	2780	4812	3317	7121	3062	5317	2235	1507	1603360-19	354	4163	592	4056	756	...	...	...	448	2046	1162	1937	161	288-9-3
Appellate Judge	11	9	12	9	32	18	23	13	9	5	15657	2	7	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	..	12	4	1057

APPENDIX IX.

CIVIL WORK..NATURE AND VALUE OF ORIGINAL SUITS FILED AND DISPOSED OF.

Name of court	Suits filed during the present year												Suits disposed of during the year.					Value.							
	Value						Suits regarding landed property.	Suits for money transaction.	Suits for other rights.	Number of suits under 100/	Number of suits above Rs 100/ & under Rs500/-	Number of suits above Rs 500/- & under Rs 1000/-	Number of suits above Rs. 1000& under Rs 5000	Number of suits above Rs. 5000.											
	Past	Pr-sent	Past.	Present.	Past.	Present.																			
Civil Judge.	356	739	1275	807	1631	1556	832	1232	739	284	257,478-11-3	102	681	24	169	597	38	3	..	..	138	288	39	797	180576-14-3
Additional Civil Judge.	...	...	...	1039	...	1063	...	675	..	412	233,571-4-3	35	1016	18	37	937	76	19	..	..	44	288	165	159	110389-1-0
Assistant Civil Judge.	199	495	1929	2141	2128	2633	1633	2240	435	396	88,419-8-0	96	2045	...	2141	...	..	...	...	...	304	764	583	589	73,438-7-9
Malsadar.	340	306	2983	3167	3328	3473	3022	3212	303	261	157,914-13-9	648	716	1803	2741	353	54	18	1	..	30	257	311	2614	147951-67-9
Tahsils.	517	2312	7800	4812	8317	7124	3062	5317	2235	1507	1603660-19	354	4163	592	4056	756	...	...	...	448	2046	1162	1967	164288-9-3	
Appellate Judge	11	9	12	9	32	18	23	13	9	5	15657	2	7	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	..	12	44057

APPENDIX X.

CIVIL WORK RESULTS OF APPLICATIONS FOR EXECUTION OF DECREES

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year.	Applications brought to the Register.			Total.			Disposed of			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of the year			REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
Appellate Judge.	12	9	49331-5-9	23	16	9136/8/9	35	25	133167/11/6	26	13	9886	9	10	43581	4	2	4	
Mahadax.	12	10	3133-9-6	163	125	22/39/11/6	175	135	25273/5/-	172	135	25273/5/-	3	...	...	...	...	...
Civil Judge	765	2273	86,352-0-0	3375	1632	208766-	4640	3905	685118-0-0	2367	2734	533436	2273	1171	151682-1-	443	605	121	
Assistant Civil Judge	335	863	52,369-14-0	3330	1419	75672/14/6	3665	2282	128042/12/-	2802	1662	92627/4/9	863	620	28415 9-9-	300	275	42	
Tehsils (Civil)	399	1,734	5,799-0-0	4989	1889	52570-1-	5338	3653	109669-0-0	3654	2452	77440-1-	1734	1170	32329	939	134	98	
Tehsils (Revenue.)	208	934	36637-8-9	3003	1148	35970/10/3	3211	2082	726103	2311	1453	51943/10/-	180	624	20643/10/-	516	43	35	

APPENDIX XII.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the jail and Lock-ups of the State (Alwar) during the Financial year 1907-08, i. e., from 1st Nov 1907 to 31st October 1908.

Stations.	No: of prisons.	No: of prisoners.				Daily Average.		Number of the prisoners remaining at End of the year 1907-08.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused undertrial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in the Jail.
		Remain- ing from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Past year. 1906-07	Present year 1907-08.	Past year. 1905-07.	Present year 1907-08.				
Convicts.	1	406	589	1021	995	360	344	351	Rs 24729-12-6	Not more than 8 months and 21 days and not less than 3 days. 1 man is waiting sent free from 25th August 1905.	10 deaths.
Under-trial.		17	217	226	234	23	25	22			
Total.	1	423	806	1257	1229	383	369	373	Rs 24729-12-6		

APPENDIX XIII.

Registration of Document in the Alvar State for the year 1907-08

Tribunal.	Nature of Document presented.																Document presented for Registration	Remarks.	Documents of which the registra- tion has been refused.	Documents remaining unregis- tered	Pending enquiry at the close of the year.	
	Mortgages.						Sale deeds.		Wills		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.		Document Register.	Value of Documents.						
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.								
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.
Civil court.	162	192	84	42	25	30	1	5	48	93	4	22	162	192	118685-11-3	5685-11-3						
Tehsils (civ)	320	270	39	12	14	8	....	....	211	250	6	...	320	270	5756-4	4694-14						
Malsadar.	27	45	16	26	10	9	1	....	....	....	....	10	27	45	7250-2	10835-8-9						
Tehsils (Rev.)	309	298	87	43	10	2	..	....	148	153	64	100	309	298	48504-4	98240-2-6						

APPENDIX XIV.

Statement showing the receipt & expenditure on account of registration during the year.

Description.	Past. year.			Present year.			Remark.
	No. of deeds	Value of property.	Fees realised.	No. of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	
Revenue courts.	30.	7701/4.	41/-/3.	49.	12602/9/9.	72/12.	
Civil courts.	162	116682/15/9	597/12.	192.	5685/12/9.	255/10.	
Tehsils(Civil.)	320.	5756/4.	270/12.	270.	4634/14/3.	222/1.	
Tehsils(Rev.)	249	47308/0.	183/1/0.	287/0/	42195/14/3.	231/1/0.	

APPENDIX XV.

Statement of rainfall in the Alwar State.

State.	Alwar.	April 1907.	May "	June "	July "	August "	September "	October "	November "	December "	January 1908.	February "	March "	Total.	Total of past year.	Average of past year.	REMARKS.
		1-44	-69	-59	-93	13-3	..	..	..	..	1-12	-19	..	17-96	29 45	23-41	

APPENDIX XVI.

STATEMENT AS TO PRICES OF STAPLE FOOD GRAIN.

Article.	During December 1907.			During June 1908			REMARKS.
Wheat.	8	8	10½	„	8	12	
Barley.	„	11	3¼	„	12	1¾	
Gram.	„	11	4	„	9	12	
Sarshaf.	„	5	9	„	6	6	
Rice 1stkind	„	5	1¼	„	5	1¼	
„ 2nd „	„	6	4	„	5	4	
Joar.	„	11	11½	„	11	„	
Bajra.	„	10	1½	„	10	½	
Maize.	„	10	10½	„	10	8	
Moth.	„	11	7½	„	10	„	
Urad.	„	7	14	„	7	7	
Moong.	„	4	„	„	„	„	
Til.	„	4	12	„	5	5¾	
Kangni.	„	14	„	„	13	„	
Cotton (cleaned)	„	2	6	„	2	15½	
Ghi.	„	1	1¾	„	1	2½	
Arhar.	„	14	2½	„	12	7½	
Salt.	„	23	10	„	23	4	

APPENDIX XVII.

Agricultural Stock in the Alwar State during the year 1907-08.

District.	Year.	Horses ⁴ and cattle.										plough.		Carts.	
		Bullocks.	Cows	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts & fillies	Asses.	Sheep & goats	With 2 bullocks	With 4 bullocks	Riding.	Load carrying	
				Male.	female										
Alwar.	1904.	135374	146592	10879	79312	1615.	2156.	56327.	14729	423264	48441	..	2.28	5230.	

APPENDIX XVIII.

Statement showing the excise shops and excise revenue of the Alwar State during the period.

State.	Country spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Tari.		Total.		REMARKS.
	No. of shops.	Revenue	No. of shops.	Revenue.	No. of shops.	Revenue.	No. of shops	Revenue.	No. of shops.	Revenue.	
Alwar.	62 opened 49	9759 or 20,049	41	18,002	..	..	..	..	103 opened 90	38,051	

APPENDIX XIX.

PARTICULARS AS TO THE SCHOOL MAINTAINED BY THE ALWAR STATE FOR THE YEAR 1907-08

Number of schools	Description of schools.		Number of pupils on 31st Octr. 1908.		Average daily attendance.		Expenditure.			REMARKS.	
	Past year	Present Year.	Past year.	Present Year.	High school.	Second-ary schools	Primary schools				
95	4 English Schools for boys.										<div>Rs6109</div> <div>= 6,104.</div> <div>= 175.</div> <div>= 208.</div> <div>Individual expenditure.</div> <div>Inspection</div> <div>Scholarships &c.</div> <div>Building</div> <div>Furniture</div> <div>Boarding house for Rajput boys</div> <div>Cricket</div> <div>Miscellaneous</div> <div>= 458.</div> <div>= 2672.</div> <div>= 1152.</div> <div>Total</div> <div>= 16,957.</div>

